

EARLY WEIGHT LOSS OUTCOMES OF SINGLE-ANASTOMOSIS SLEEVE ILEAL (SASI) BYPASS: A RETROSPECTIVE REVIEW

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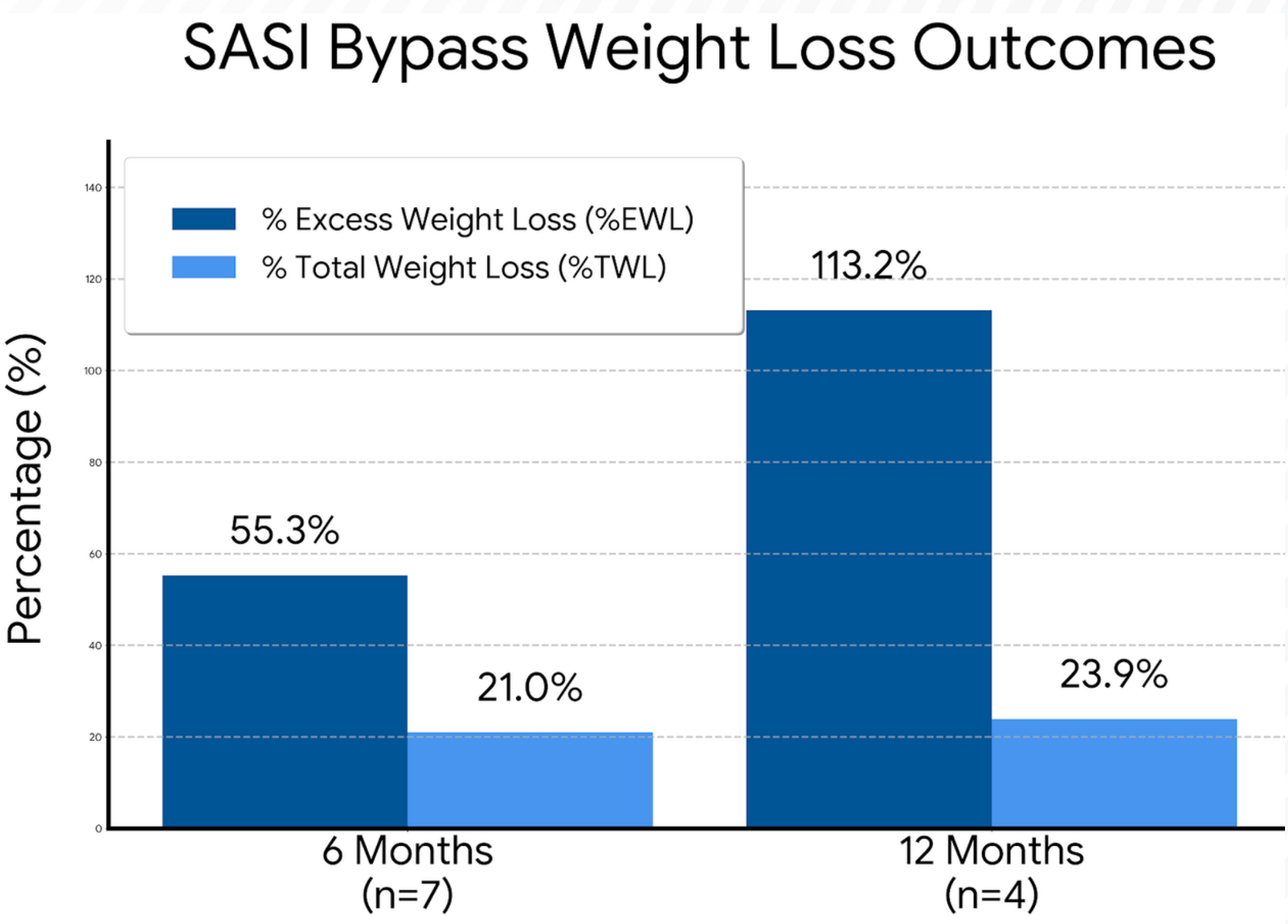
BACKGROUND

- SASI bypass combines sleeve gastrectomy with a sleeve-ileal anastomosis to create dual food pathways.
- It aims to balance effective weight loss with reduced nutritional deficiencies compared to RYGB.
- **Objective:** Evaluate early weight loss and safety in a U.S. community practice.

METHODS

- Retrospective review of patients at IBI Healthcare (2018–2024).
- Data extracted from Athena EMR.
- Primary outcomes: %EWL and %TWL at 6 and 12 months.

RESULTS



- **Total Patients:** 17
- **6 Months:** 7 patients
- **12 Months:** 4 patients
- **Complications:** None

CONCLUSIONS

- **Efficacy:** SASI bypass demonstrated significant and robust weight loss at 12 months.
- **Safety:** The procedure showed a favorable safety profile with no major complications.
- **Community Setting:** Outcomes are comparable to international experience in a community practice.
- **Future Research:** Larger prospective studies are needed to confirm these early findings.

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