

# Balancing alert burden and diagnostic recovery: A Multicenter Evaluation of Five Concurrently Deployed AI Triage Tools in Emergency Radiology

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4,421

Imaging examinations

included (4,004 patients)

38

Missed diagnoses recovered by AI

0.53

False-positive alerts/day

95% CI: 0.40–0.71

7.9

Recovered misses/10 false alerts

## BACKGROUND & OBJECTIVE

- High-volume emergency radiology carries a persistent risk of missed critical diagnoses, particularly for time-sensitive conditions
- AI triage tools prioritize urgent cases, yet most evidence focuses on isolated tools or controlled settings. The combined impact of multiple concurrent AI modules in real workflows is poorly characterized.

We evaluated five simultaneously deployed AI triage tools across three emergency radiology centers, quantifying recovered missed diagnoses against false-positive alert burden — and propose a novel operational efficiency metric.

## METHODS

- Design** : Retrospective multicenter study — 90-day period (March–May 2025)
- Population** : 4,004 patients · median age 58 years (IQR 41–72) · 51.2% male · 476/4,897 exams excluded
- Centers** : 3 French emergency radiology departments · 1 tertiary and 2 secondary · 25 senior radiologists
- Platform** : 5 CE-marked/FDA-cleared algorithms deployed via Incepto (Paris) · AI outputs were retrospective
- Adjudication** : Discordant cases - 2 blinded senior radiologists (≥10 yrs); consensus for disagreements
- Efficiency metric** : recovered misses/(FP alerts × 10) calculated per module and overall

## AI - Algorithms Deployed

qEr v1.2 — ICH (Qure, Mumbai)

SmartChest v1.0 — Pneumothorax (Milvue, Paris)

cinalPE v1.1 — Incidental PE (Avicenna)

SmartUrgence — Fracture (Milvue, Paris)

CinalLVO v2.0 — LVO (Avicenna)

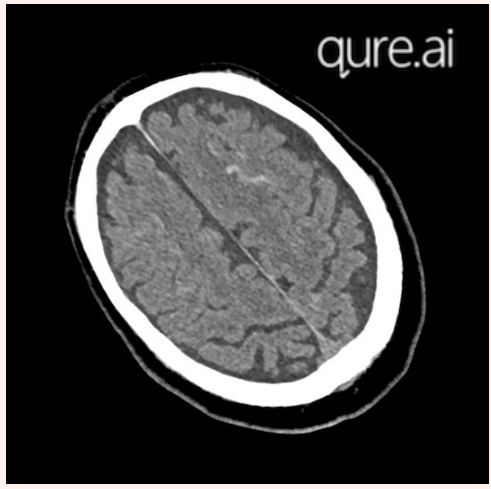
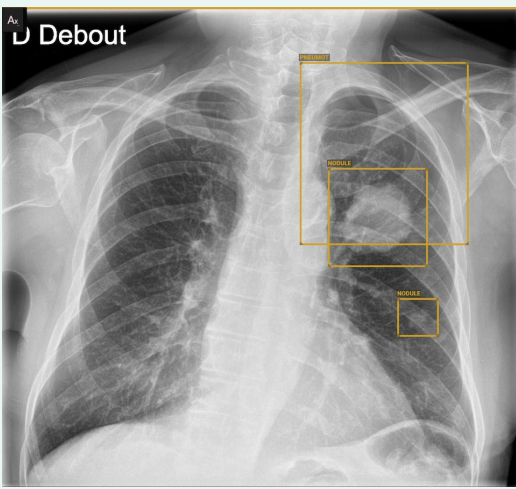
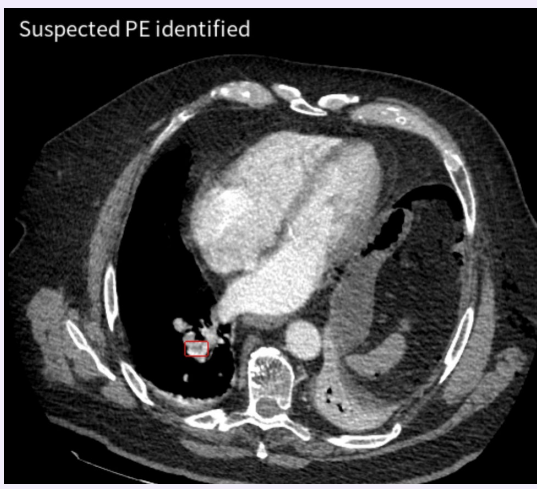
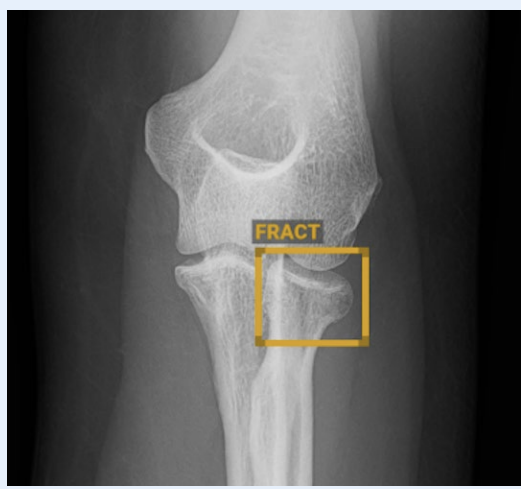
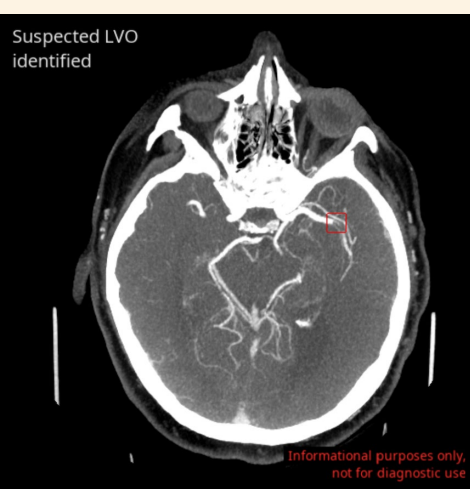
## STUDY CENTERS

**Tertiary** 1,601 patients · 1,983 exams

**Secondary 1** 944 patients · 1,343 exams

**Secondary 2** 1,459 patients · 1,571 exams

## Five AI Modules — Per-Module Results

|                                                                                     |                                                                                      |                                                                                       |                                                                                       |                                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Intracranial hemorrhage (ICH)</b><br><i>Non-contrast head CT</i>                 | <b>Pneumothorax</b><br><i>Chest radiograph</i>                                       | <b>Pulmonary embolism (IPE)</b><br><i>Contrast-enhanced CT</i>                        | <b>Fracture</b><br><i>Extremity radiograph</i>                                        | <b>Large vessel occlusion (LVO)</b><br><i>Head/neck CTA</i>                           |
| 68211528<br>ExamsAlertsFP                                                           | 595455<br>ExamsAlertsFP                                                              | 414138<br>ExamsAlertsFP                                                               | 24309355<br>ExamsAlertsFP                                                             | 300162<br>ExamsAlertsFP                                                               |
| 2 recovered<br><i>radiologist misses</i>                                            | 10 recovered<br><i>radiologist misses</i>                                            | 2 recovered<br><i>radiologist misses</i>                                              | 21 recovered<br><i>radiologist misses</i>                                             | 4 recovered<br><i>radiologist misses</i>                                              |
| SensSpec<br>88.8%95.2%                                                              | SensSpec<br>88.9%99.1%                                                               | SensSpec<br>100%98.0%                                                                 | SensSpec<br>97.9%98.7%                                                                | SensSpec<br>93.3%99.3%                                                                |
| PPVNPV<br>75.7%98.1%                                                                | PPVNPV<br>88.9%99.1%                                                                 | PPVNPV<br>38.5%100%                                                                   | PPVNPV<br>95.0%98.9%                                                                  | PPVNPV<br>87.5%99.6%                                                                  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

## OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY — RECOVERED MISSED DIAGNOSES (r) PER 10 FALSE-POSITIVE ALERTS (FP)

|              |                                        |
|--------------|----------------------------------------|
| Fracture     | 21 recovered / 5 FP = <b>42r/10FP</b>  |
| Pneumothorax | 10 recovered / 5 FP = <b>20r/10FP</b>  |
| LVO          | 4 recovered / 2 FP = <b>20r/10FP</b>   |
| IPE          | 2 recovered / 8 FP = <b>2,5r/10FP</b>  |
| ICH          | 2 recovered / 28 FP = <b>0,7r/10FP</b> |

Vertical line = overall average (7.9 recovered misses per 10 FP alerts)

## Module-Level Diagnostic Performance & Alert Yield

| Module (Modality)         | Exams | Alerts | TP    | FP | FN | Sensitivity [95%CI] | Specificity [95%CI] | Recover ed | Eff/10 FP |
|---------------------------|-------|--------|-------|----|----|---------------------|---------------------|------------|-----------|
| <b>ICH (Head CT)</b>      | 682   | 115    | 87    | 28 | 11 | 88.8% [80.8–94.3]   | 95.2% [93.5–96.9]   | 2          | 0.7       |
| <b>Pneumothorax (CXR)</b> | 595   | 45     | 40    | 5  | 5  | 88.9% [76.0–96.3]   | 99.1% [98.3–99.8]   | 10         | 20.0      |
| <b>IPE (Contrast CT)</b>  | 414   | 13     | 5     | 8  | 0  | 100% [47.8–100]     | 98.0% [96.8–99.4]   | 2          | 2.5       |
| <b>Fracture (XR)</b>      | 2,430 | 935    | 915   | 5  | 21 | 97.9% [95.6–98.9]   | 98.7% [96.9–100]    | 21         | 42.0      |
| <b>LVO (CTA)</b>          | 300   | 16     | 14    | 2  | 1  | 93.3% [80.7–100]    | 99.3% [98.3–100]    | 4          | 20.0      |
| Total / Overall           | 4,421 | 1,124  | 1,061 | 48 | 38 | 96.6% [95.5–97.7]   | 98.8% [98.4–99.1]   | 38         | 7.9       |

38

Clinically relevant missed diagnoses recovered across all 5 modules over 90 days including life-threatening conditions (ICH, PE, LVO, PTX) and urgent fractures — at a manageable false-positive burden of 0.53 FP alerts/day (95%CI: 0.40–0.71).

7.9

The proposed "recovered misses per 10 FP alerts" metric offers a practical, module-level indicator for the benefit-to-burden balance — informing AI governance, calibration decisions, and prospective evaluation in high-throughput emergency settings.