



A fully digital technique to transfer interim maxillomandibular relation for the fabrication of full-arch implant-retained restorations

Yuwei Wu DDS, PhD, Jia Cao DDS, Li Yang DDS, Liangzhong Li DDS, PhD, Zhihui Tang DDS, PhD

2nd dental center, Peking university school and hospital of stomatology, Beijing, China

BACKGROUND

- The accurate transfer of the maxillomandibular relationship, accurate occlusion, morphology of a provisional restoration, the exact position of the placed implants to that of a definitive restoration is an essential process that contributes to sufficient function, esthetics and cleanability, especially in full-arch implant-retained restorations.
- The traditional process is complex, time-consuming, heavily relying on the clinical experience of dentists, and causes patient discomfort.

AIM

1

To describe a fully digital workflow to record multi-implants position, register maxillomandibular relation, and create a 4D virtual patient for manufacture the definitive full-arch implant-retained restorations.

OUTCOMES OF INTEREST

1. Feasibility of the method.
2. Long-term stability of restorations.



A fully digital technique to transfer interim maxillomandibular relation for the fabrication of full-arch implant-retained restorations

Yuwei Wu DDS,PhD, Jia Cao DDS, Li Yang DDS, Liangzhong Li DDS,PhD, Zhihui Tang DDS, PhD

2nd dental center, Peking university school and hospital of stomatology, Beijing, China



1. 4D virtual patient

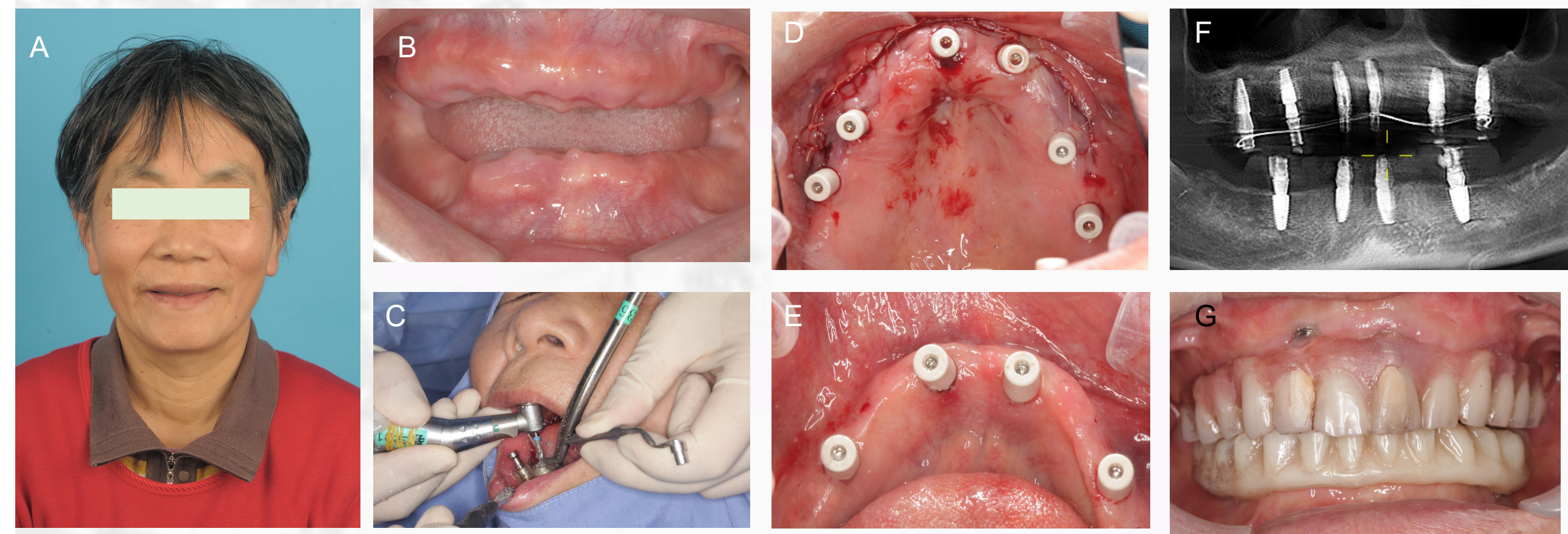


Figure 1. Provisional restoration was delivered after implant insertion

A and B. Pre-operation. C-E. After implantation under the guidance of plate. F-G. Provisional restoration.

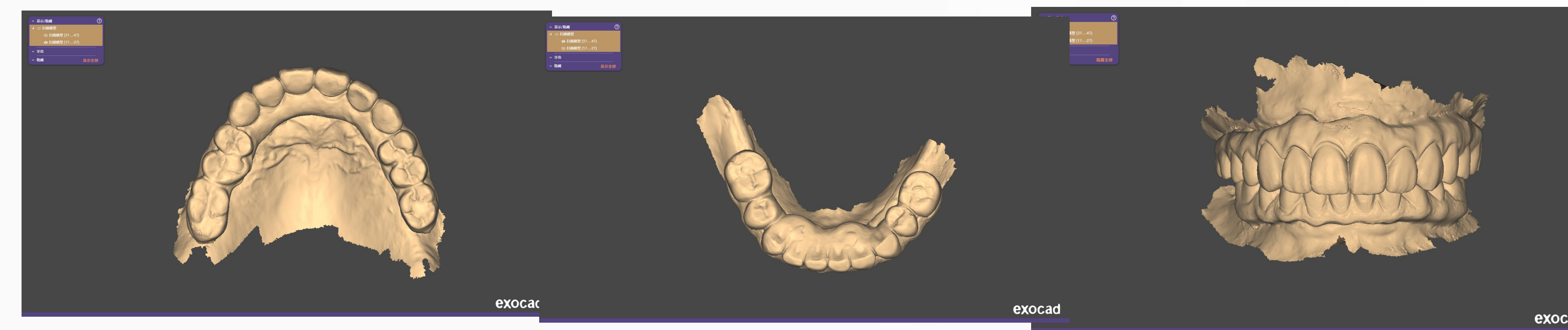


Figure 2. intraoral scan (IOS)

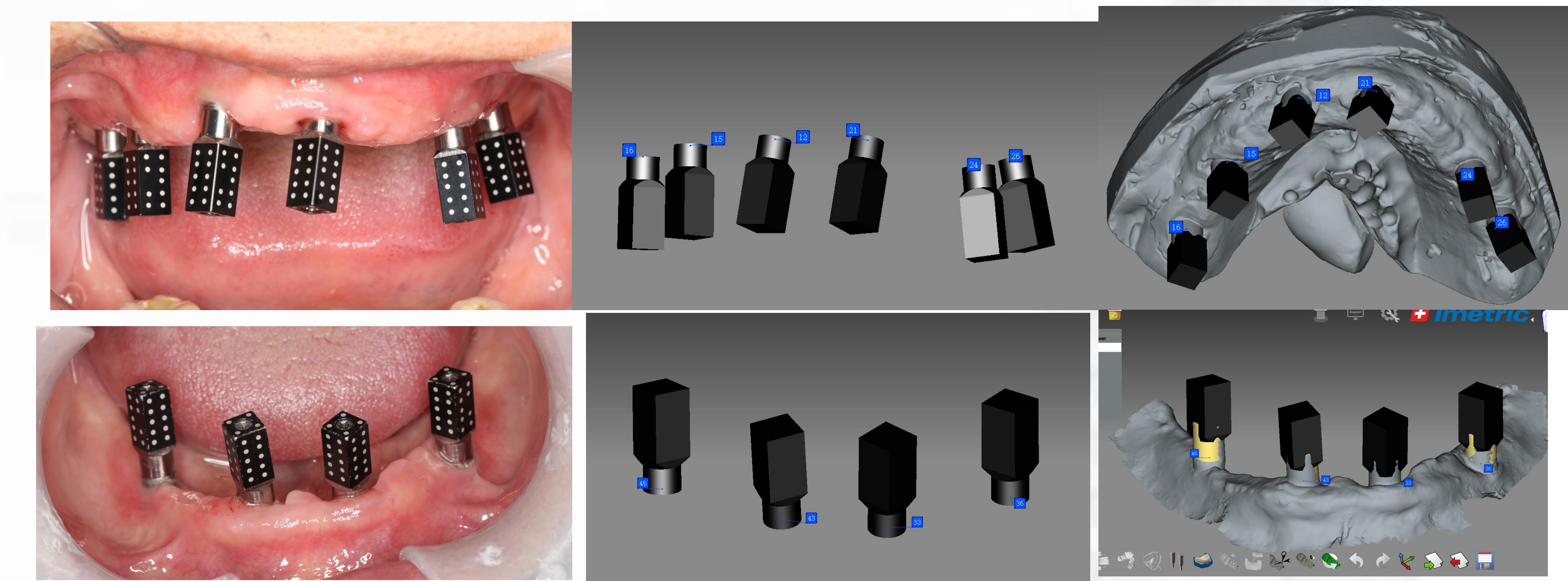


Figure 3. Photogrammetry (Icam4D) was used to record implant positions

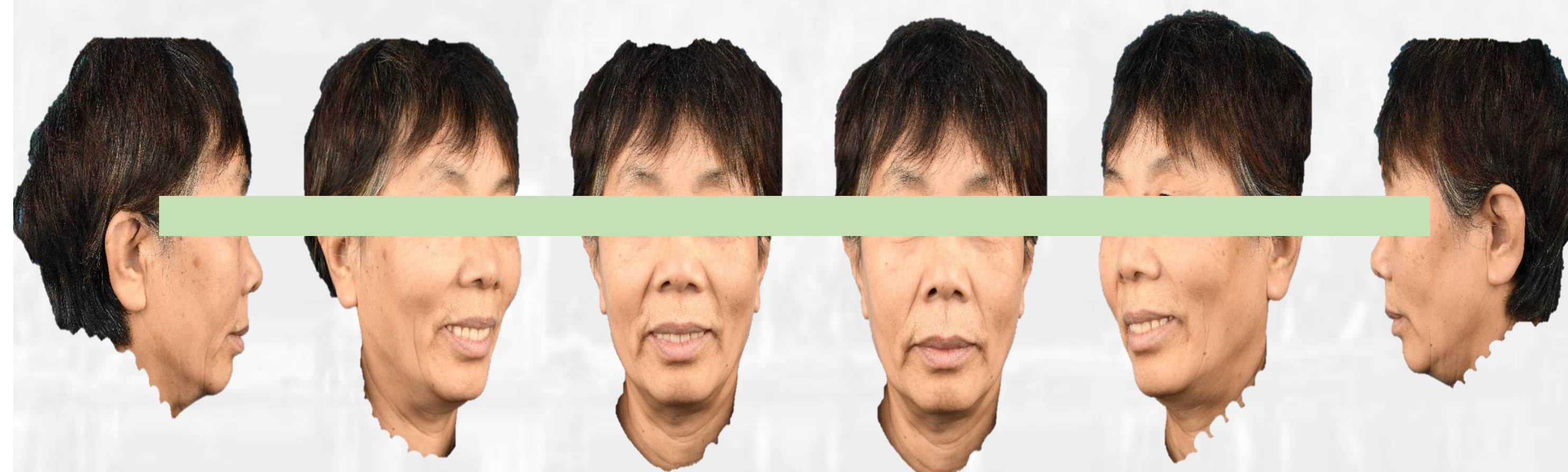


Figure 4. Facial scan

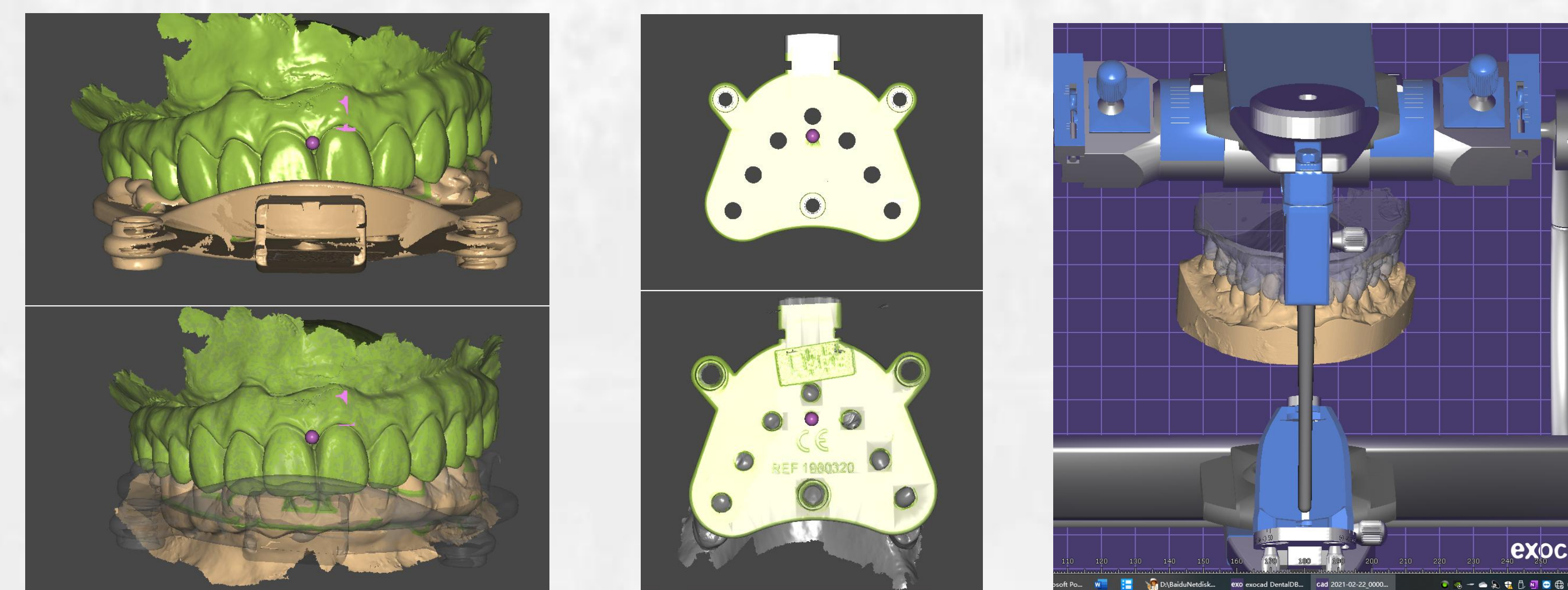


Figure 5. Jaw motion tracking system, and virtual articulator

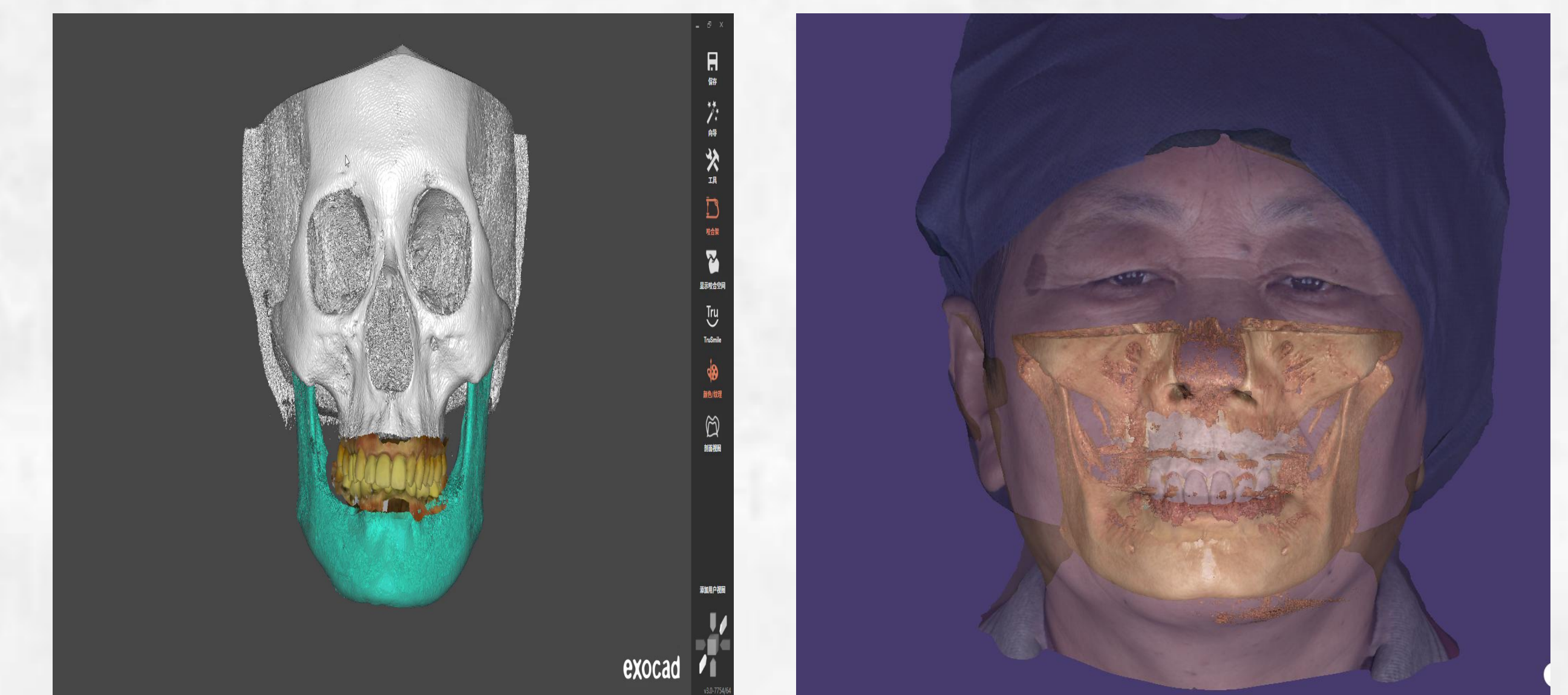


Figure 6. 4D virtual patient



A fully digital technique to transfer interim maxillomandibular relation for the fabrication of full-arch implant-retained restorations

Yuwei Wu DDS, PhD, Jia Cao DDS, Li Yang DDS, Liangzhong Li DDS, PhD, Zhihui Tang DDS, PhD

2nd dental center, Peking university school and hospital of stomatology, Beijing, China



2. CAD/CAM

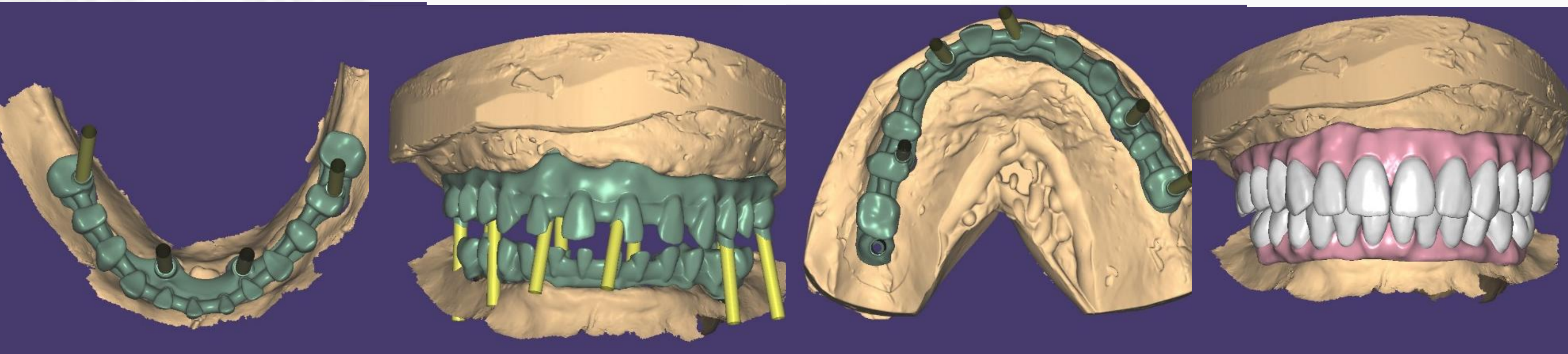


Figure 7. CAD

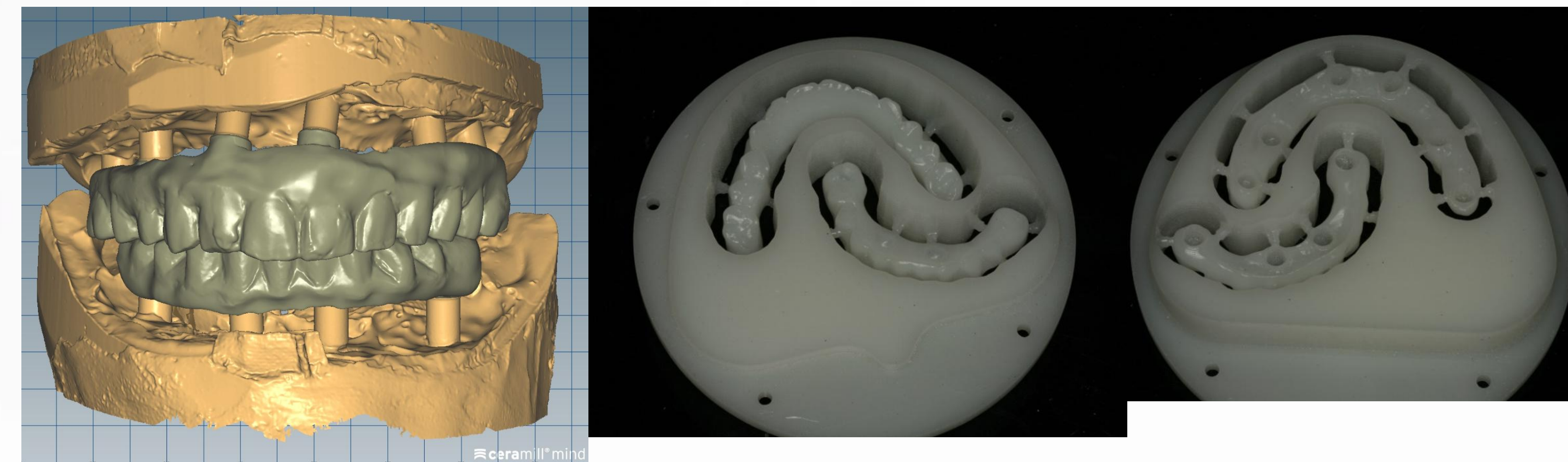


Figure 8. CAM



Figure 9. Try on



Figure 10. Zirconia bridge



Figure 11. Immediate final restoration

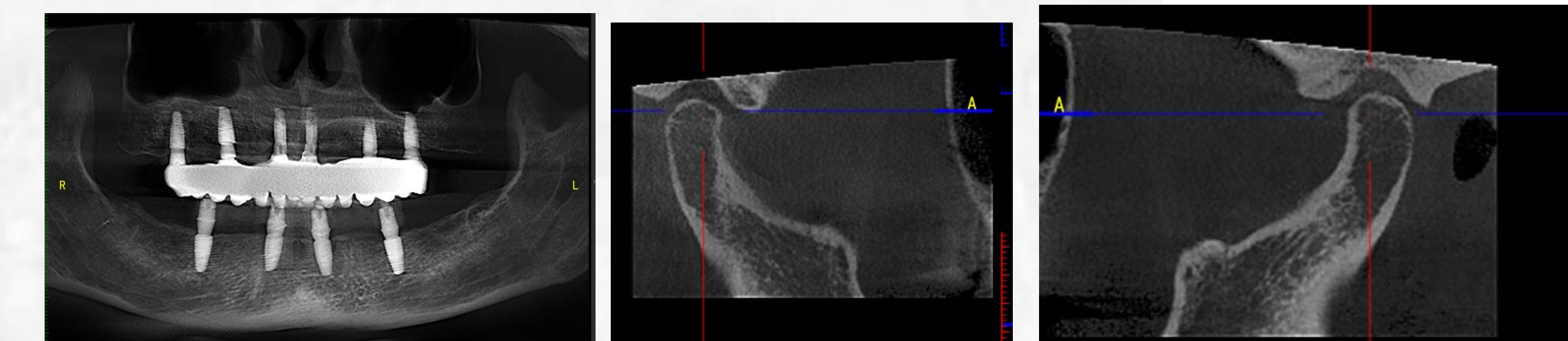


Figure 12. Radiology examination



A fully digital technique to transfer interim maxillomandibular relation for the fabrication of full-arch implant-retained restorations

Yuwei Wu DDS, PhD, Jia Cao DDS, Li Yang DDS, Liangzhong Li DDS, PhD, Zhihui Tang DDS, PhD

2nd dental center, Peking university school and hospital of stomatology, Beijing, China



3. Long-term stability (3 years later)



Figure 13. oral examination

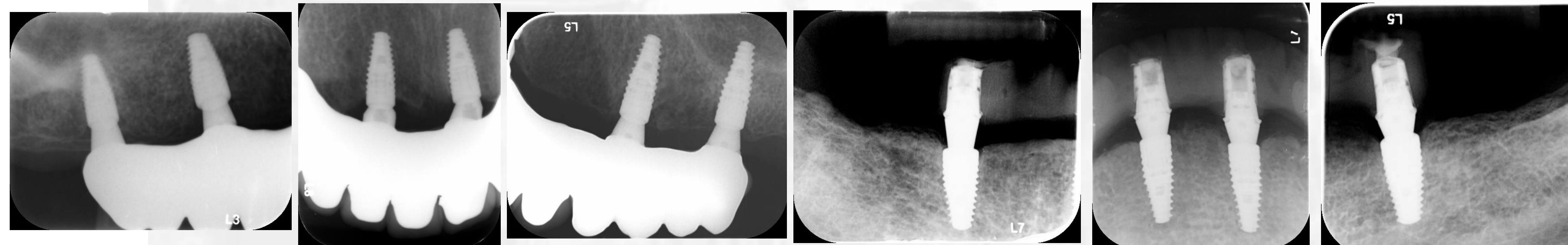


Figure 14. x-ray examination after immediate final restoration

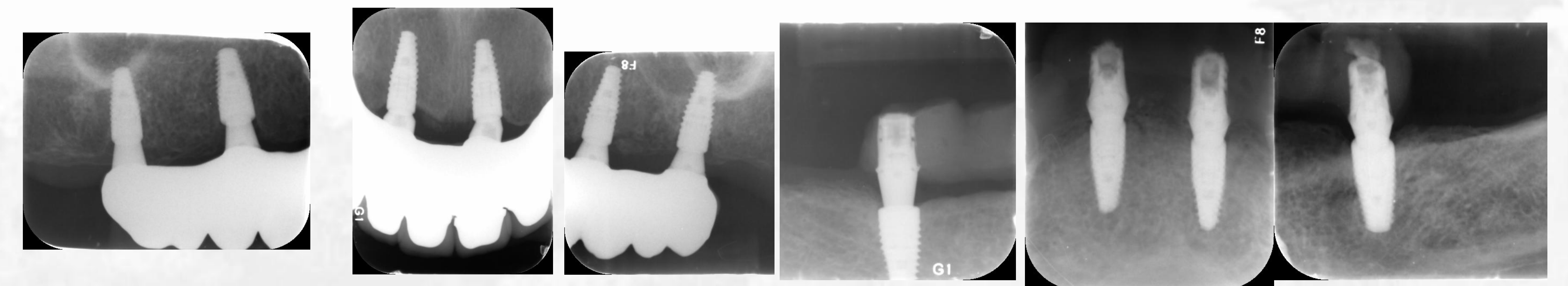


Figure 15. 3 years after final restoration



A fully digital technique to transfer interim maxillomandibular relation for the fabrication of full-arch implant-retained restorations

Yuwei Wu DDS,PhD, Jia Cao DDS, Li Yang DDS, Liangzhong Li DDS,PhD, Zhihui Tang DDS, PhD

2nd dental center, Peking university school and hospital of stomatology, Beijing, China



REFERENCES

1. Lyu M, Di P, Lin Y, Jiang X. Accuracy of impressions for multiple implants: A comparative study of digital and conventional techniques. J Prosthet Dent. 2022 Nov;128(5):1017-1023.
2. Posselt, U., 1952. Studies in the mobility of the human mandible. Acta Odontologica Scandinavica, Copenhagen, pp. 19–160.
3. Luu D, Kan E, Kim SW, Lee JD, Lee SJ. Comparison of accuracy in digital and conventional cross-mounting. J Prosthet Dent. 2022 Dec 3:S0022-3913(22)00693-X.
4. Camcı H, Salmanpour F. A new technique for testing accuracy and sensitivity of digital bite registration: A prospective comparative study. Int Orthod. 2021 Sep;19(3):425-432.
5. He S, Kau CH, Liao L, Kinderknecht K, Ow A, Saleh TA. The use of a dynamic real-time jaw tracking device and cone beam computed tomography simulation. Ann Maxillofac Surg. 2016 Jan-Jun;6(1):113-9.
6. Bapelle M, Dubromez J, Savoldelli C, Tillier Y, Ehrmann E. Modjaw® device: Analysis of mandibular kinematics recorded for a group of asymptomatic subjects. Cranio. 2021 Nov 6:1-7.