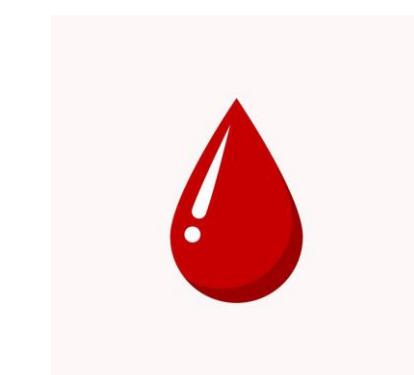


Placenta accreta spectrum (PAS), is associated with:



Severe obstetric hemorrhage



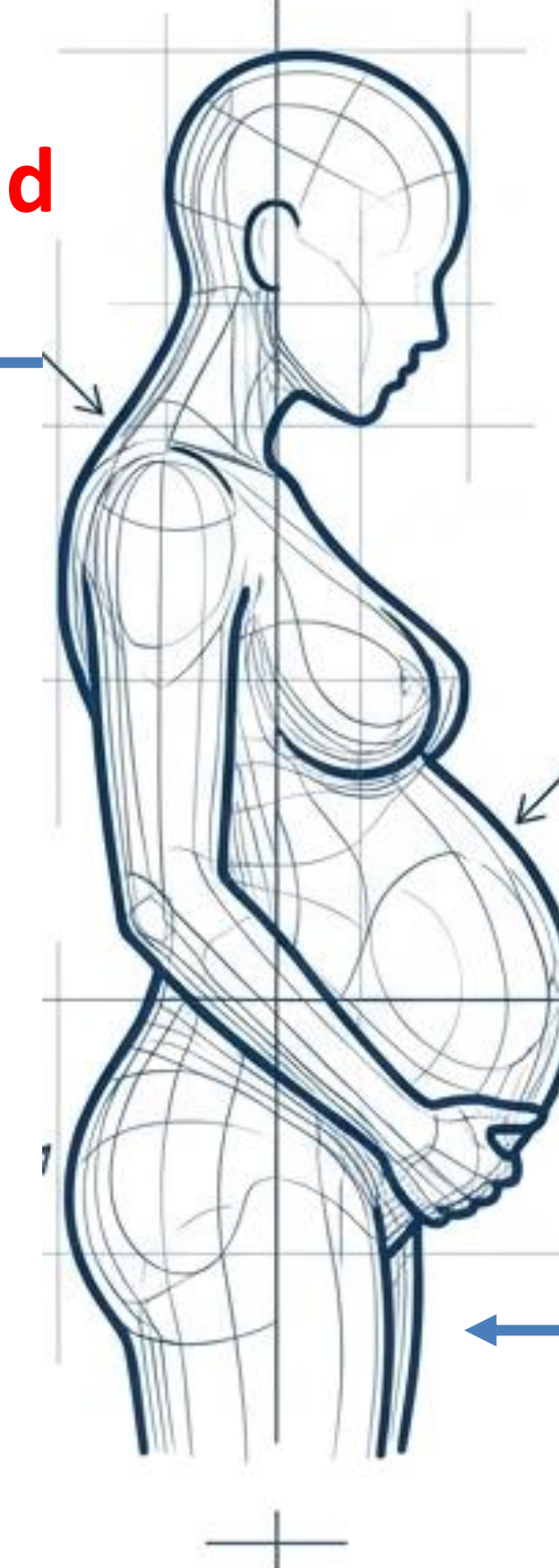
Anesthesia risks



High maternal and neonatal mortality

19 patients
(2020-2024)

Average years: 35 years old
BMI: 24,6



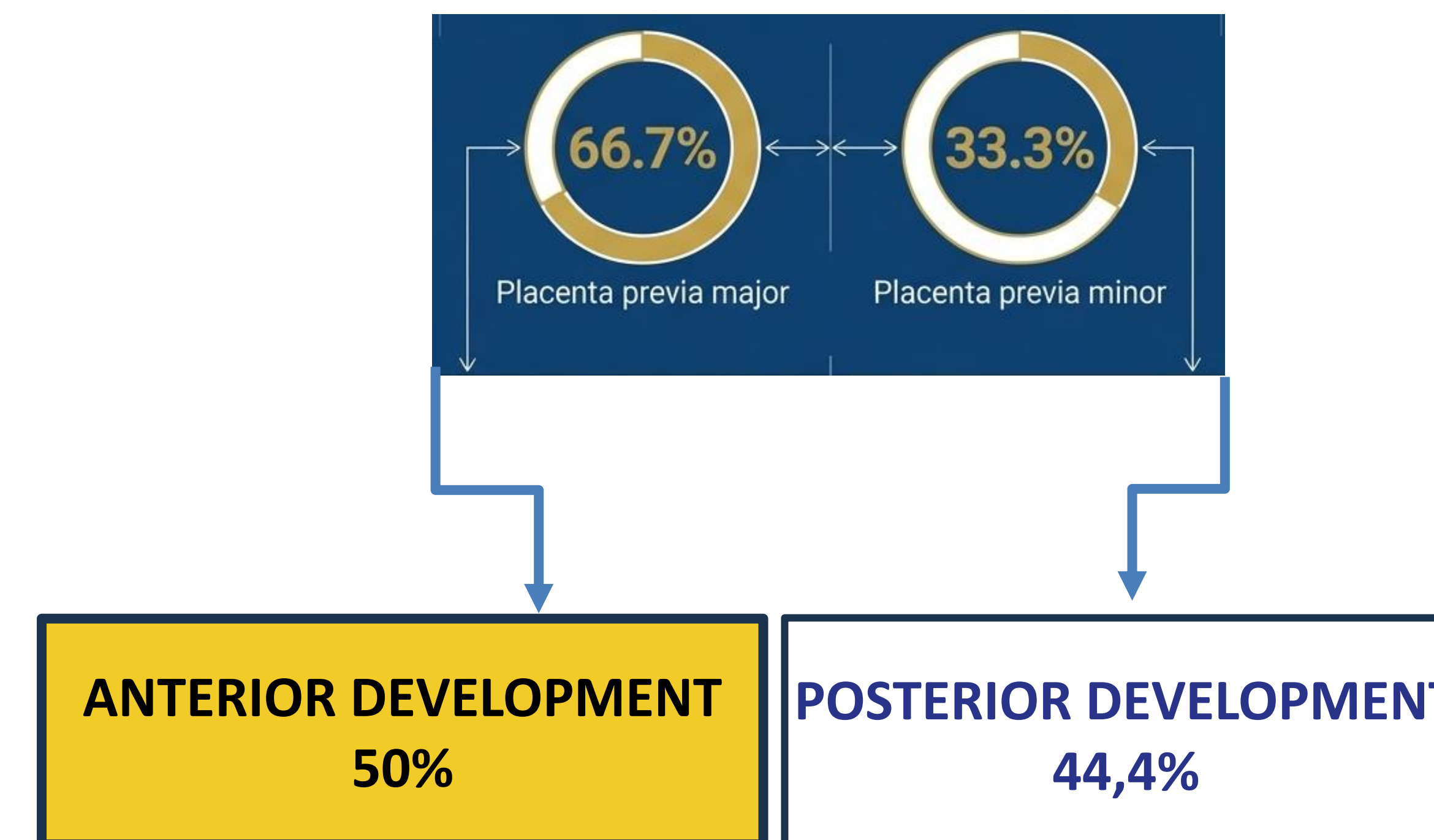
Patients with previous
myomectomy
5,3%

Patients with > previous CS
31,6%

Patients with PAS known
during pregnancy
94,7%

PLACENTA ACCRETA SPECTRUM (PAS): DATA REVIEW OF PAS CASES SUCCESSFULLY MANAGED BY A TRAINED MULTIDISCIPLINARY TEAM IN OUR TERTIARY REFERRAL HOSPITAL

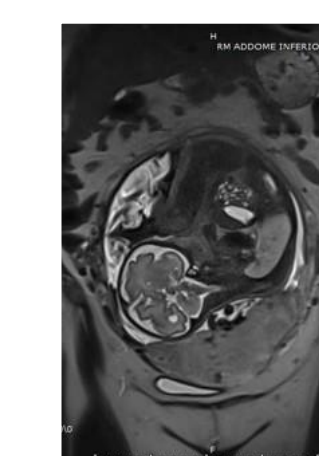
T. PALLADINO, P.S. MARIOTTI, P. VAIRA, P. RICCIARDI, A.M. MAGLIONE



PHASE 1: ANTEPARTUM DIAGNOSIS

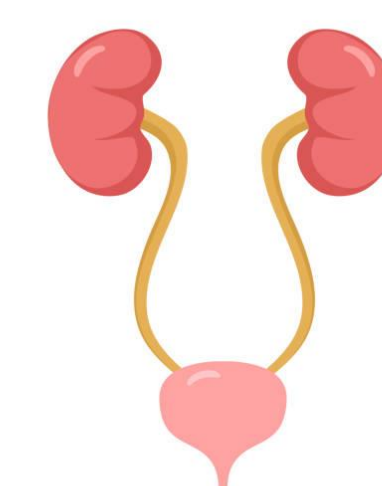


PAS Ultrasound
suspicion 16,7%

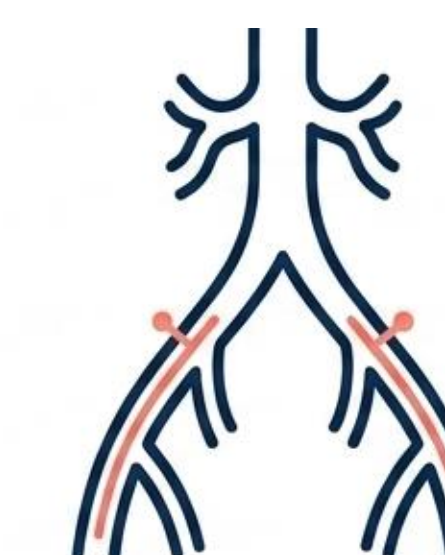


MRI DIAGNOSIS
16,7%

PHASE 2: PRE-OPERATIVE MANAGEMENT



PreOperative cystoscopy and
placement ureteral stents
25% (2/8 patients)



Preoperative placement of
catheters into iliac-pelvic arteries
42,1% (8/19 patients)

PHASE 3: TAILORED ANESTHESIA DURING DELIVERY



52,6%

REGIONAL
ANESTHESIA

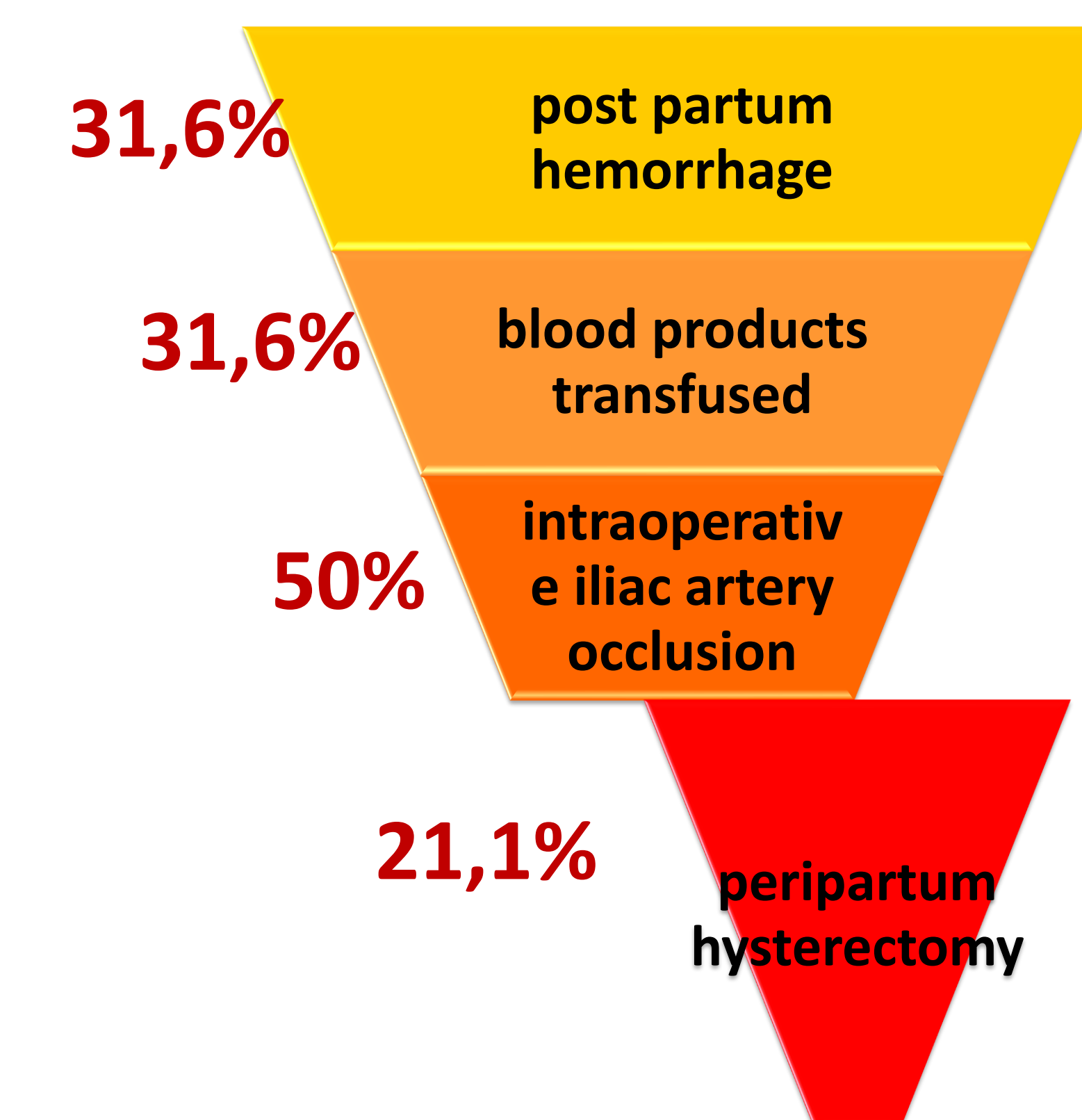
GENERAL
ANESTHESIA

47,4%



Hibrid operating room
42,1%

PHASE 4: HEMORRHAGE CONTROL



31,6% IUC after delivery
57,9% preterm newborns
NO maternal deths
NO neonatal deaths