



Visible-light-activated Antibacterial Coatings Incorporating Modified TiO₂ Nanoparticles For Safer Indoor Healthcare Environments

Nipuni Pathirana^{*1}, *Erandi Senanayaka*¹, *Gamini Rajapakse*¹

Department of Chemistry, University of Peradeniya, Kandy, Central province, Sri Lanka

^{*}E-mail: nipunidkp@gmail.com

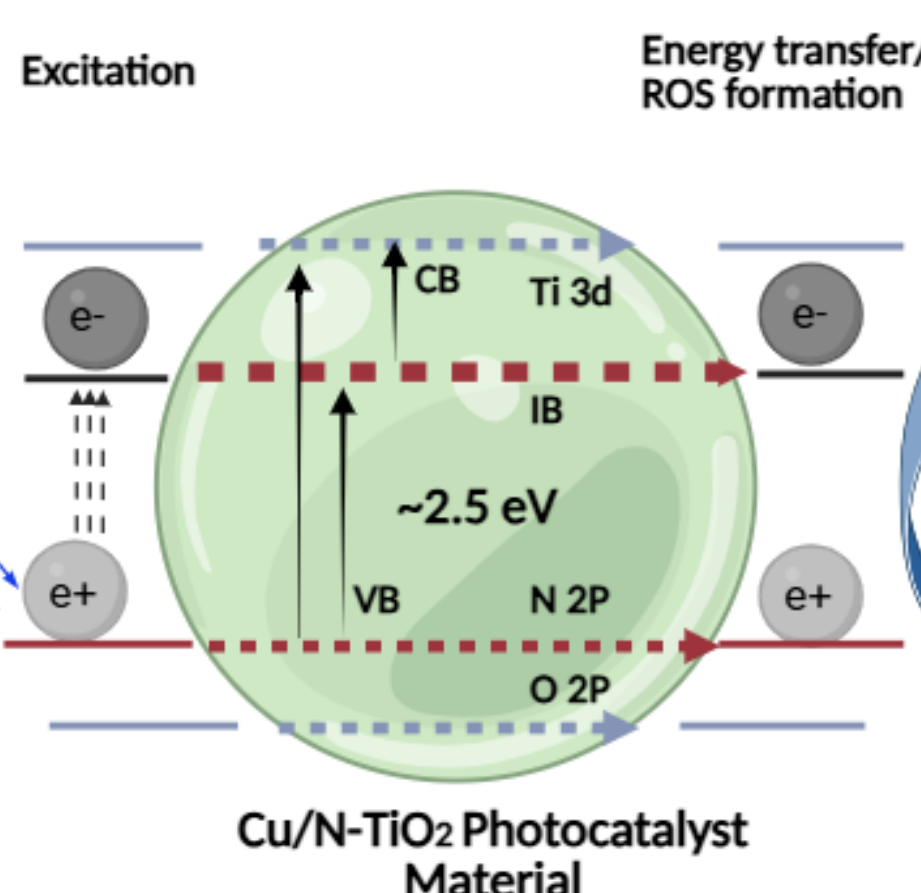
Introduction

➤ Hospital-acquired infections (HAIs) remain a serious healthcare challenge due to bacterial contamination on indoor surfaces

➤ Conventional wall coatings do not actively eliminate pathogens

- *Staphylococcus aureus*
- *Escherichia coli*

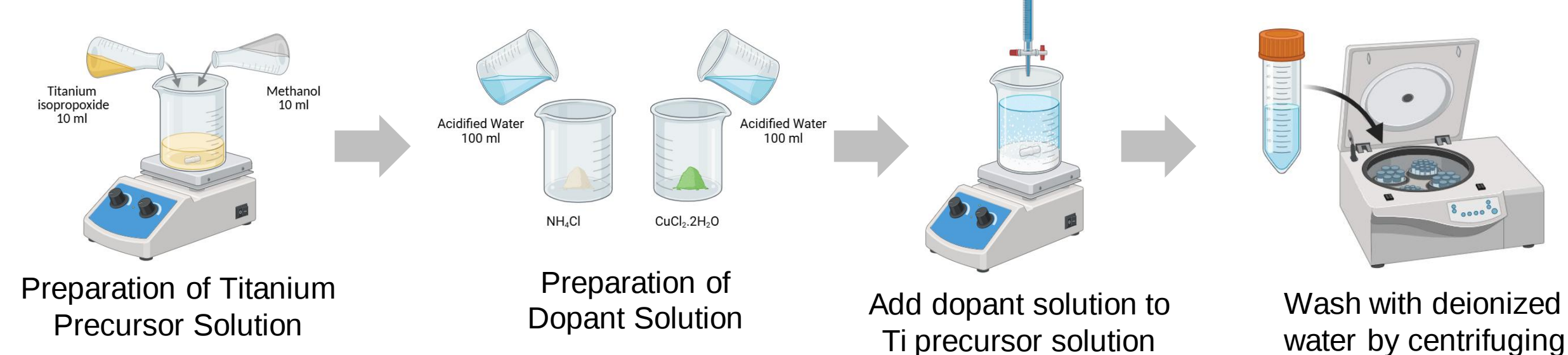
➤ TiO₂ nanoparticles are well-known photocatalytic antimicrobial materials, but pure TiO₂ is mainly activated under UV light



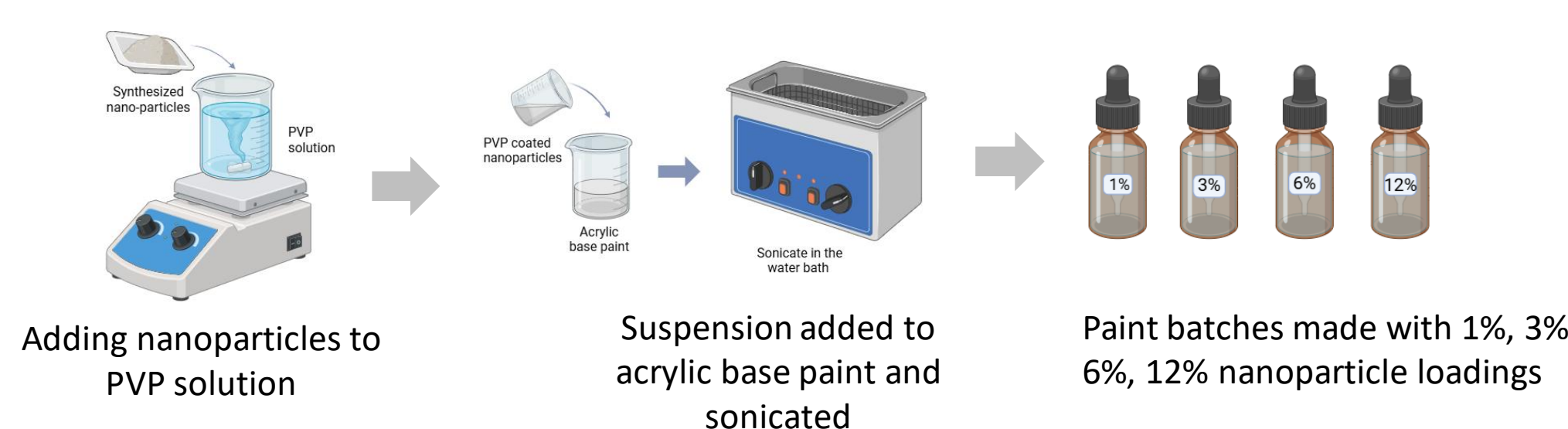
Objective: To develop visible-light-activated antibacterial acrylic coatings incorporating Cu/N co-doped TiO₂ nanoparticles for safer indoor healthcare environments

Methodology

STEP 1 - Synthesis of Cu/N Co-doped TiO₂ Nanoparticles



STEP 2 - Incorporation of Modified Nanoparticles into Biocide-Free Paint



Results & Discussion

1. UV-Vis DRS

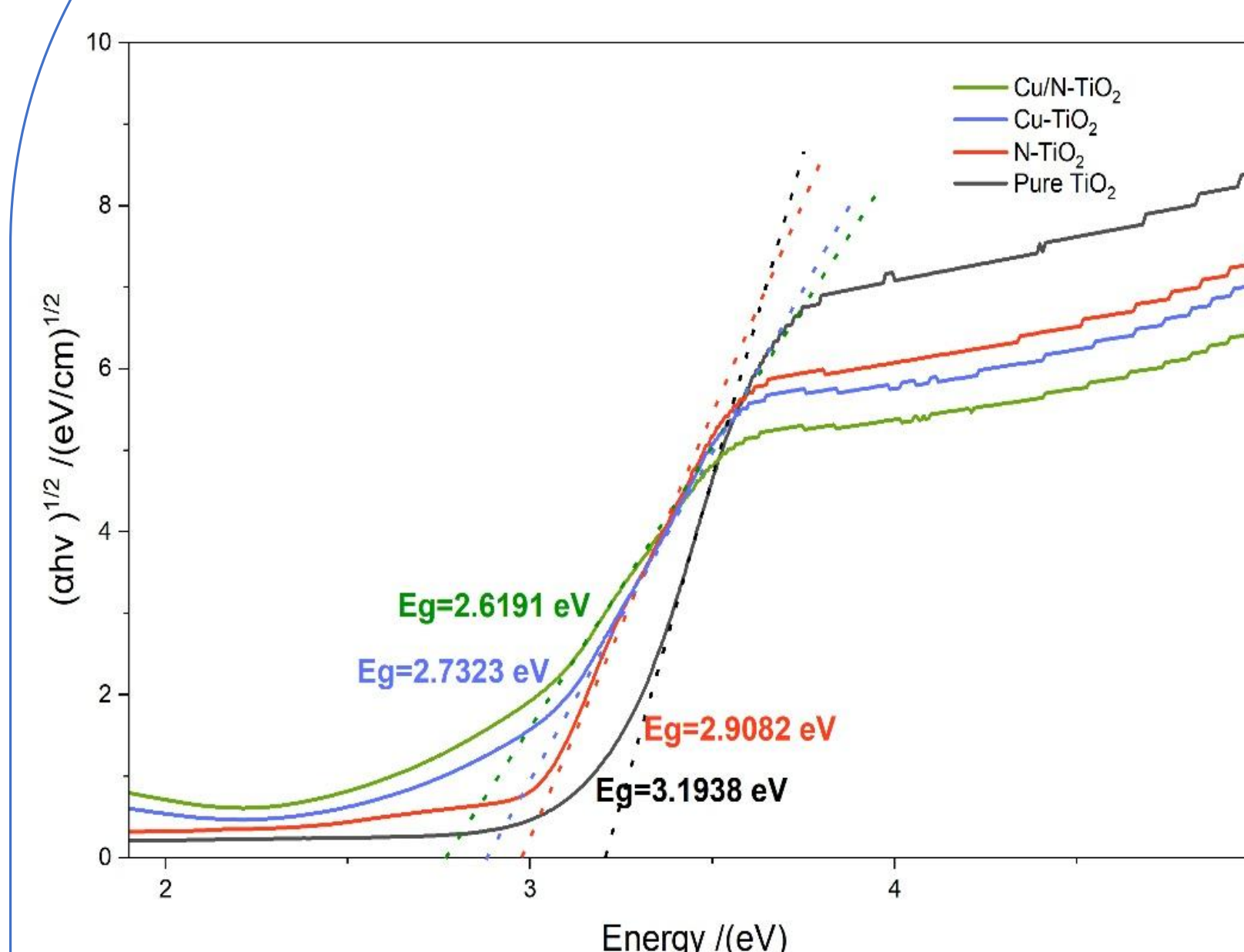


Figure: Tauc plots of pure TiO₂ and optimized N-doped, Cu-doped, and co-doped TiO₂

2. XRD

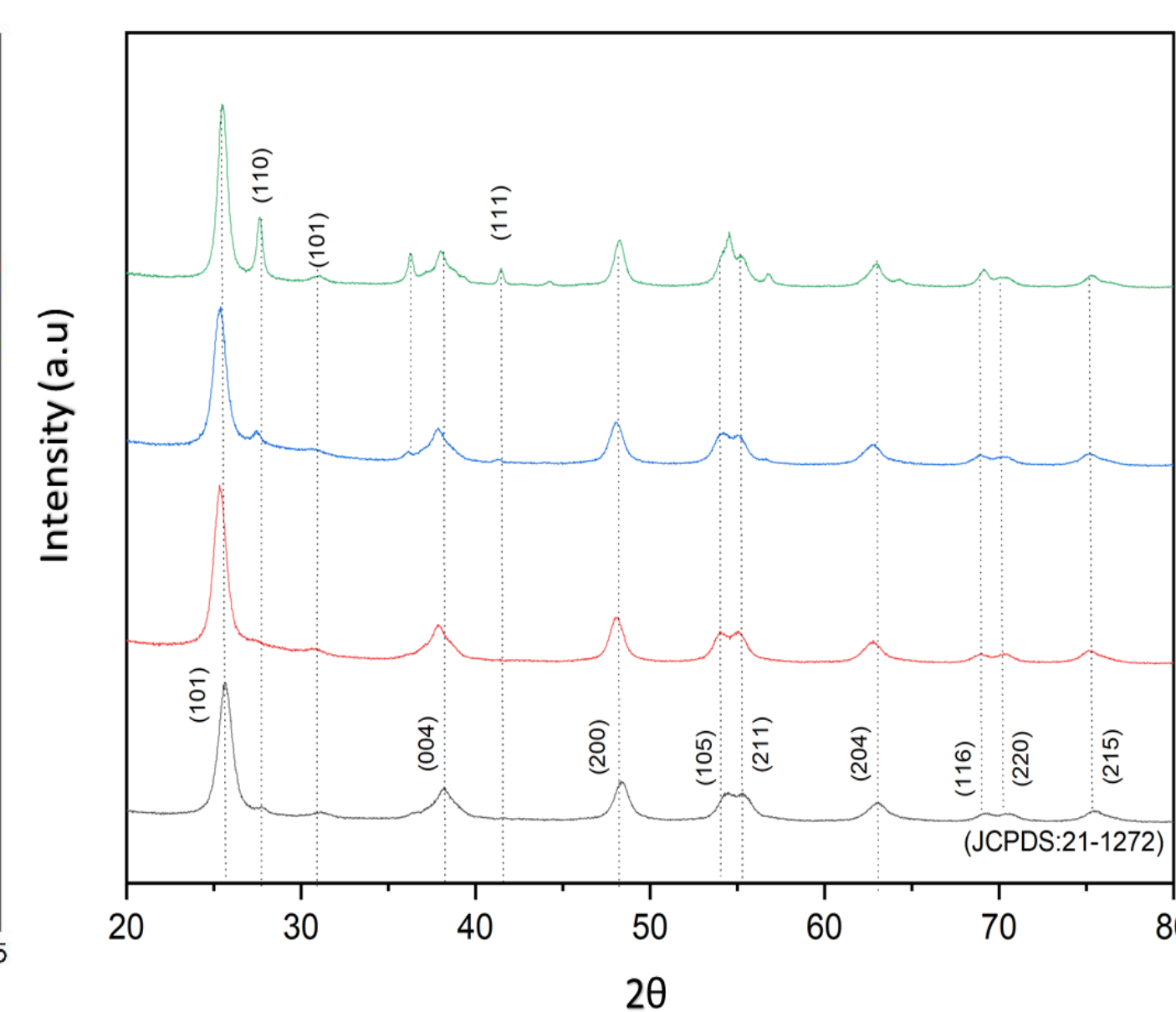


Figure: XRD patterns of pure TiO₂, N-doped, Cu-doped, and Cu/N co-doped TiO₂ sample

2. SEM images

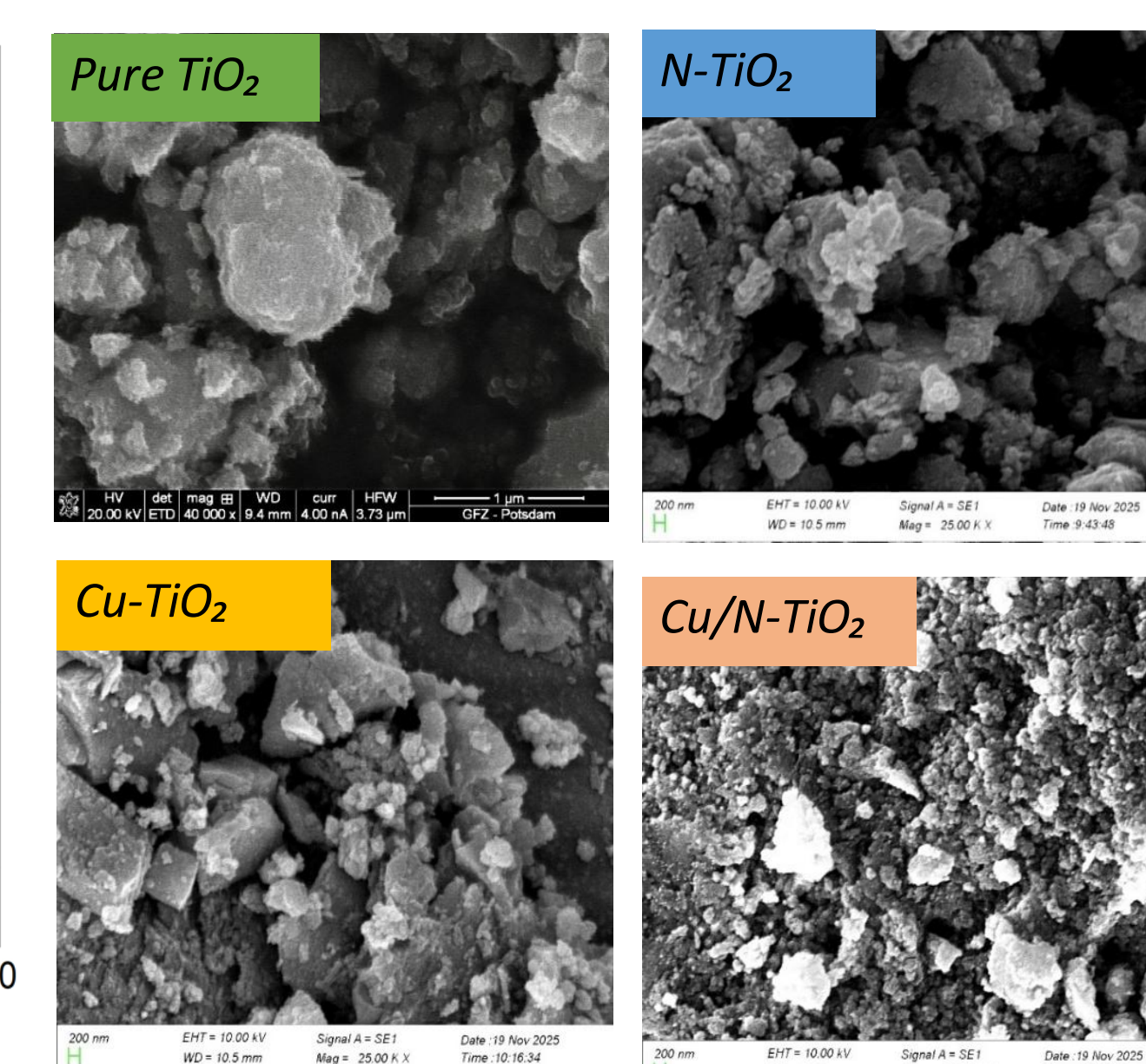


Figure: SEM images of pure, N-doped, Cu-doped and Cu/N co-doped TiO₂ nanoparticles

3. EDX analysis

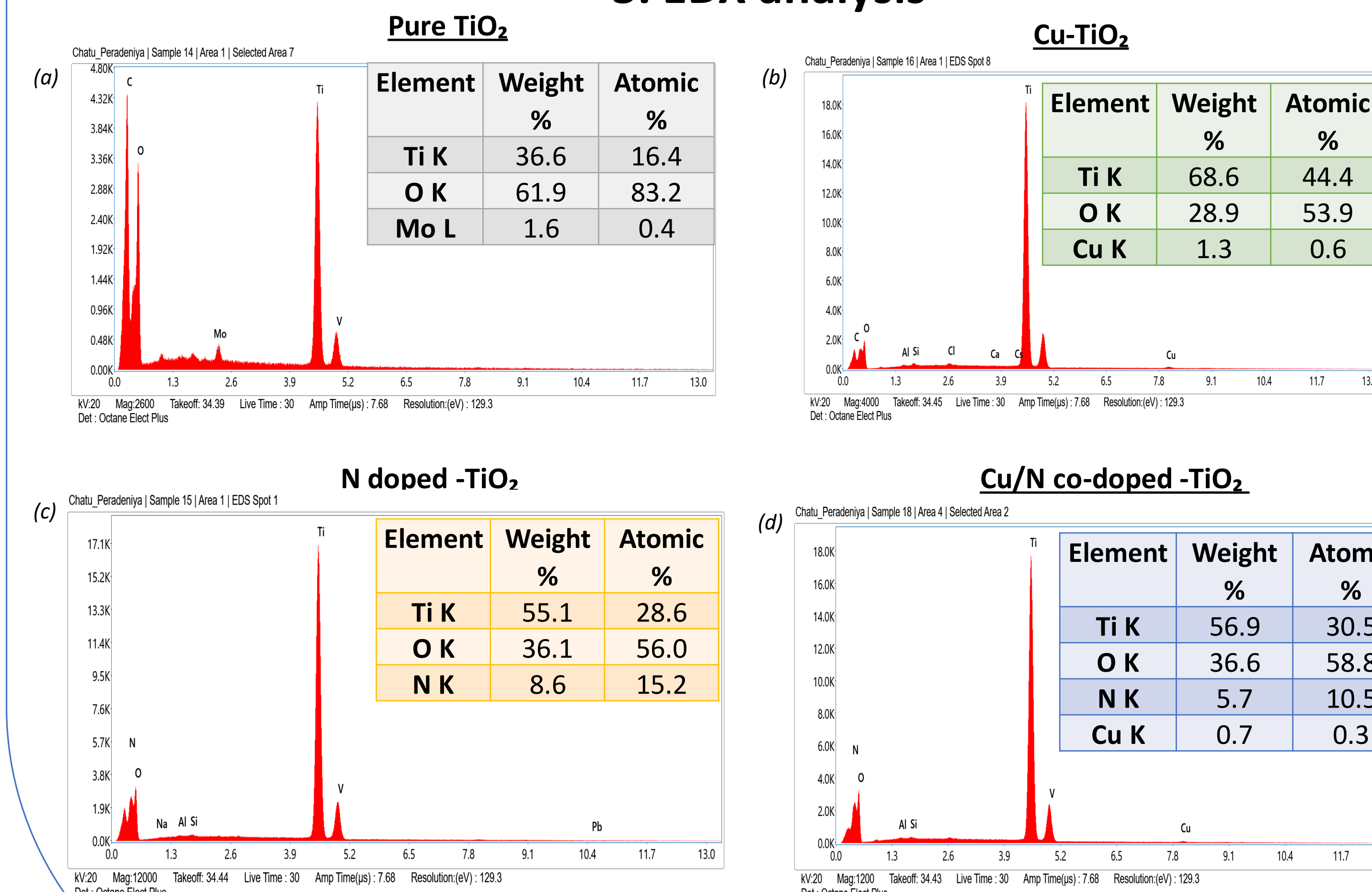


Figure: EDX spectra and elemental composition of (a) pure, (b) N-doped, (c) Cu-doped, and (d) Cu/N co-doped TiO₂ samples

4. TGA analysis

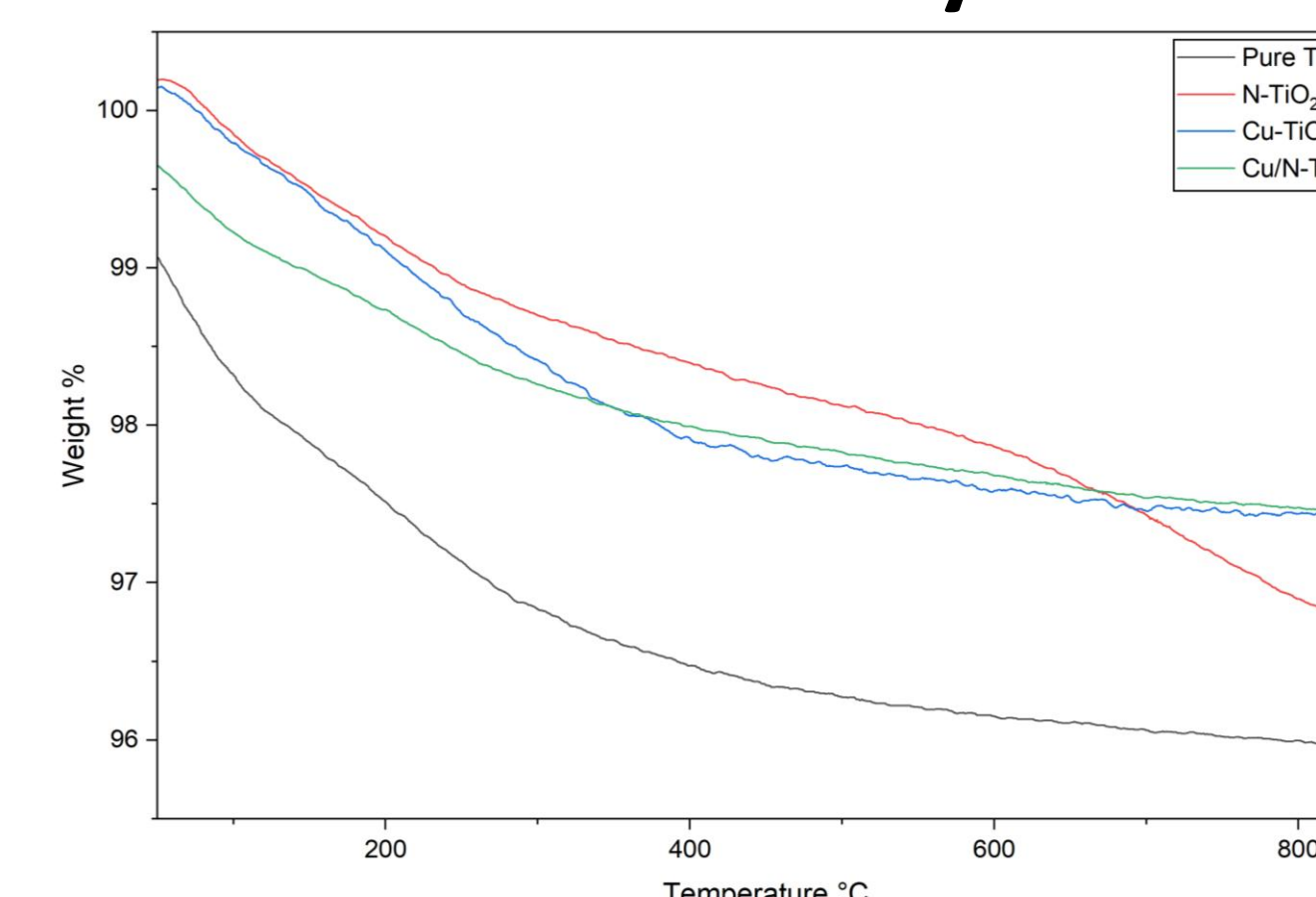


Figure: TGA curves of pure TiO₂, N-doped, Cu-doped, and Cu/N co-doped TiO₂ samples

5. FTIR analysis

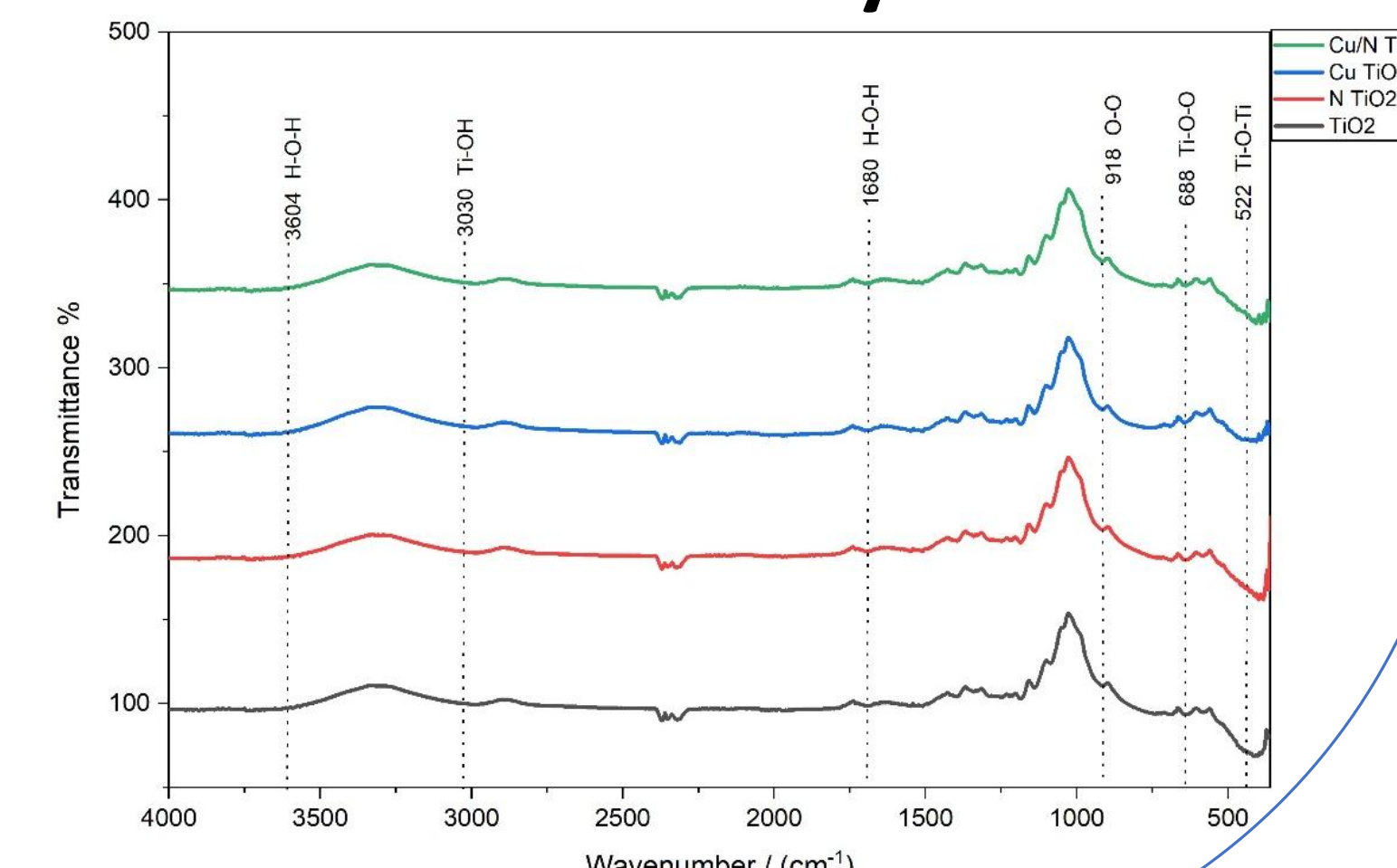


Figure: FTIR spectra of pure TiO₂, N-doped, Cu-doped, and Cu/N co-doped TiO₂ samples

Antimicrobial Testing

Gram-positive bacteria- *Staphylococcus aureus*

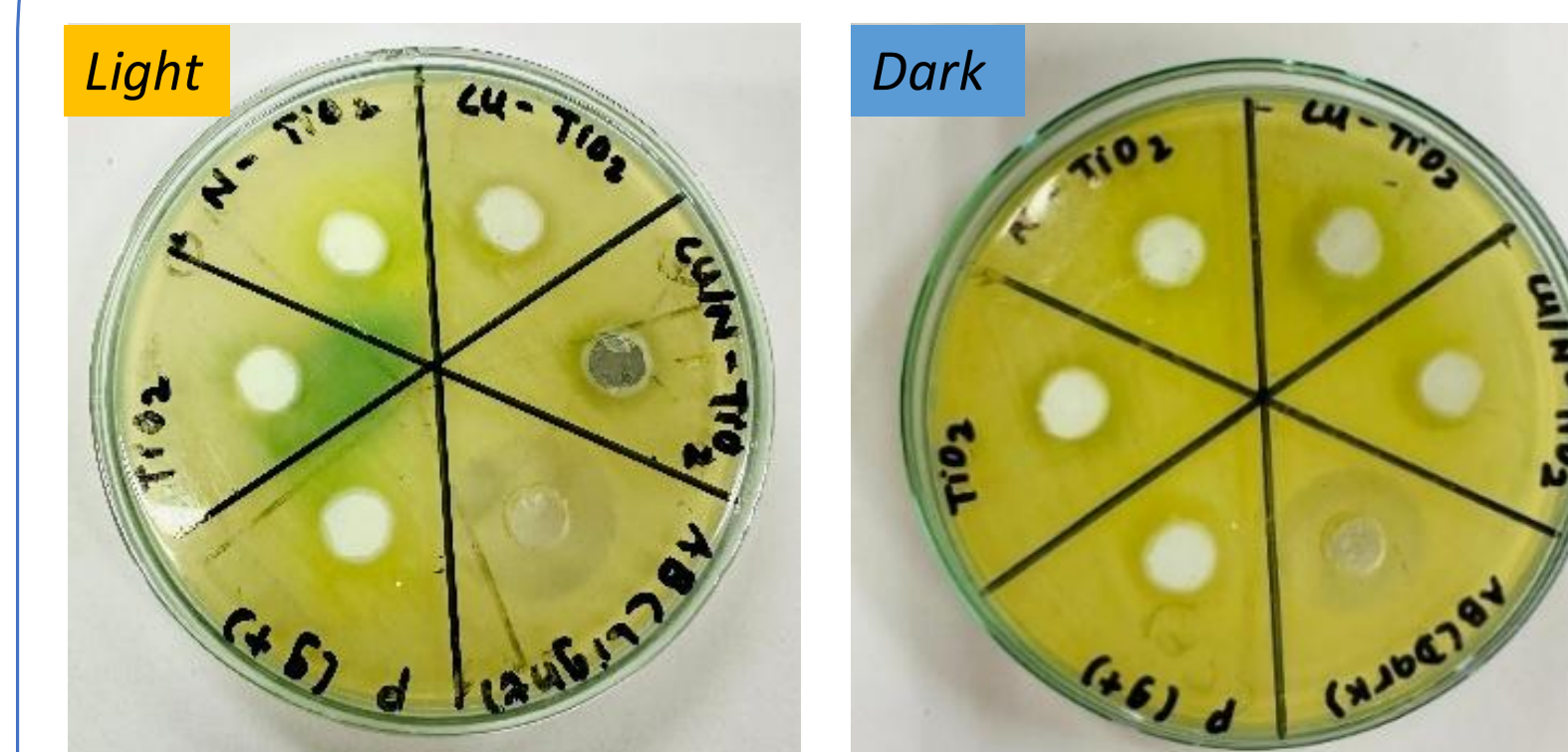


Figure: *Staphylococcus aureus* culture in light dark conditions

Plate Section	Dark cond Avg. value /(mm)	Dark cond Avg. value /(mm)
Paint Only	10	11
Pure TiO ₂	10	10
N-TiO ₂	12	11
Cu-TiO ₂	15	12
Cu/N- TiO ₂	16	13

Gram-negative bacteria- *Escherichia coli*

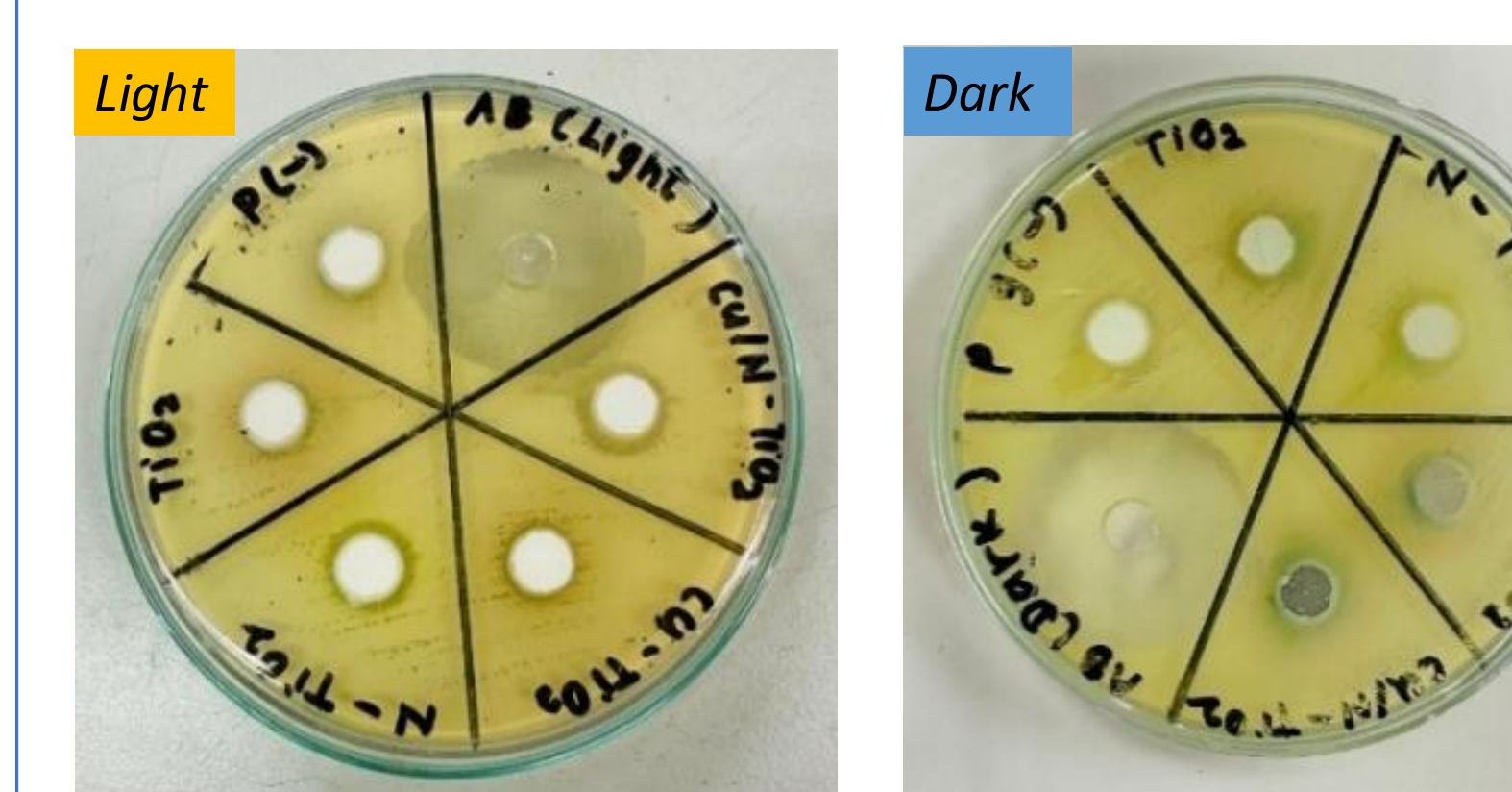


Figure: *Escherichia coli* culture in light dark conditions

Plate Section	Light cond. Avg value /(mm)	Dark cond. Avg value /(mm)
Paint Only	11	11
Pure TiO ₂	11	11
N-TiO ₂	13	11
Cu-TiO ₂	14	13
Cu/N-TiO ₂	14	13

Conclusions

- Among all samples Cu/N co-doped TiO₂ showed the most favorable band gap (2.6 eV), structural properties, and photocatalytic and antimicrobial performance
- Acrylic paints with 12 wt% loading, Cu/N-TiO₂ paints exhibited, light-enhanced antibacterial activity against *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Escherichia coli*

References

1. Mathew, S., Ganguly, P., Rhatigan, S., Kumaravel, V., Byrne, C., Hinder, S. J., Bartlett, J., Nolan, M., & Pillai, S. C. (2018). Cu-Doped TiO₂: Visible light assisted photocatalytic antimicrobial activity. Applied Sciences, 8(11).
2. Banerjee, S., Pillai, S. C., Falaras, P., O'Shea, K. E., Byrne, J. A., & Dionysiou, D. D. (2014). New insights into the mechanism of visible light photocatalysis. Journal of Physical Chemistry Letters, 5(15), 2543–2554.
3. Krishnan, S., Karim, A. V., & Shrivastav, A. (2022). Visible light responsive Cu-N/TiO₂ nanoparticles for the photocatalytic degradation of bisphenol A. Water Science and Technology, 86(6), 1527–1539.