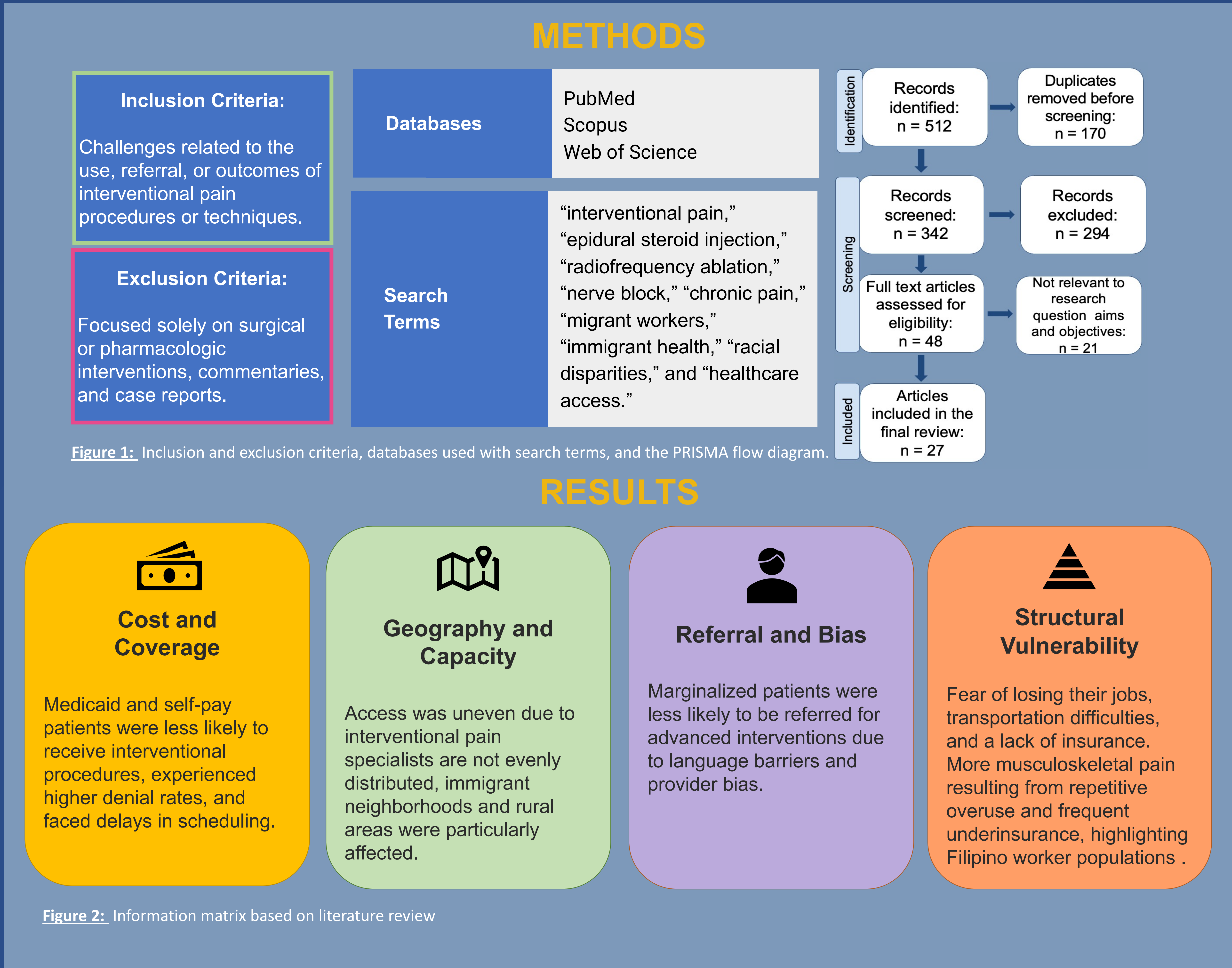


INTRODUCTION

- Over the past decade, chronic pain has grown more common, yet access to interventional procedures has not kept pace. Marginalized groups, including migrant and immigrant workers, racial and ethnic minorities, and rural residents, face barriers at nearly every stage, from referral to outcomes.
- This review examines studies published between 2015 and 2025, focusing on migrant workers, who often struggle without insurance, experience gaps in coverage, or lack consistent primary care, leaving their pain poorly addressed.

METHODS

- We performed a scoping literature review limited to English-language articles published between 2015 and 2025 using PRISMA guidelines.
- Study quality was appraised using Joanna Briggs Institute Critical Appraisal tools.



DISCUSSION

- Based on the data gathered between 2015 and 2025, the presence of challenges and inequalities in accessing interventional pain procedures are evident.
- These barriers are often faced by the marginalized groups, especially those with unstable insurance coverage or no access to primary care.
- Improving safety-net access, building culturally tailored programs, and the use of telemedicine to expand access to care are potential strategies to help overcome these disparities.

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